### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

AND

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

## WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
AUDITOR'S REPORTS	_
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	3-12
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
District-Wide Financial Statements  Statement of Net Position  Statement of Activities	13 14
<ul> <li>Fund Financial Statements</li> <li>Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds</li> <li>Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds</li> <li>Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	15 16 17 18
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements  Statement of Fiduciary Net Position  Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	19 20
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	21-46
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSI	IS
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund	47
Schedules of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	48
Schedules of District's Contributions	49
Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	50
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedules of Change from Original Budget to Revised Budget and Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation	on 51
Schedules of Project Expenditures – Capital Projects Fund	52
Net Investment in Capital Assets	53
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SCHEDULES	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	54
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	55-56
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	57
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	58
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs - Federal Compliance Requirements	59-60
Status of Prior Year's Findings and Questioned Costs – Federal Compliance Requirements	61



120 Lomond Court, Utica, N.Y. 13502-5950 315-735-5216 Fax: 315-735-5210

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Education
Waterville Central School District

#### Report on the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waterville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Waterville Central School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Waterville Central School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Waterville Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Notes 15 to the financial statements, a prior period adjustment with a net effect on net position of \$1,006,212 was made to correct the balance of the prior year capital assets. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Waterville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waterville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.





- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Waterville Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Waterville Central School District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the New York State Education Department and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2024, on our consideration of the Waterville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Waterville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Waterville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

D'arcangelo + Co., LLP
November 12, 2024

Utica, New York

The Waterville Central School District's discussion and analysis of financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

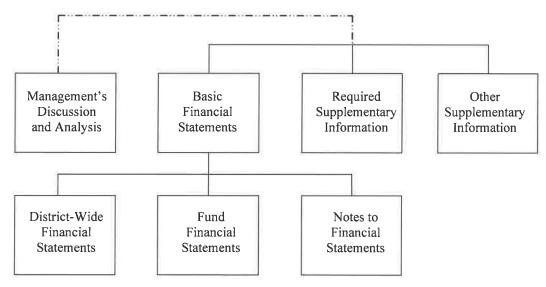
#### 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2024, are as follows:

- The District's Liabilities and Deferred Inflows exceeded its Assets and Deferred Outflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$19,353,564 Net Position (Deficit). This represents an increase of \$997,201 from the prior year's Net Position (Deficit).
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the District-wide financial statements, totaled \$23,471,788. Of this amount, \$7,394 was offset by program charges for services and \$1,809,901 by operating grants and contributions. General revenues of \$22,224,259 amount to 92.4% of total revenues.
- The General Fund's total fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements on pages 15 and 17, increased by \$1,639,566 to \$6,848,700. This was due to an excess of revenues over expenditures based on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- State and federal revenue increased by \$1,938,869 to \$15,431,480 in 2024 from \$13,492,611 in 2023, mainly due to an increase from Basic State Aid in the General Fund.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$63,023 in 2024 to \$1,809,901 from \$1,746,878 in 2023, mainly due to an increase in grant revenue derived from the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Relief Program in the Special Aid Fund.

#### 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements consist of District-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



#### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Continued)

#### A. District-wide Financial Statements

The District-wide financial statements are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District as a whole in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two District-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

#### The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference as net position. Increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

#### The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

#### **B.** Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary funds.

These statements utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period that they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period that they become measurable, funded through available resources and payable within a current period.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Districtwide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of District-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the District-wide financial statements. By doing so, you may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds; general fund, school lunch fund, special aid fund, miscellaneous special revenue, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in its capacity as agent or trustee. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

(Continued)

#### 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### A. Net Position

The District's total net position (deficit) increased \$997,201 between fiscal year 2023 and 2024. A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position for June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	2024	Restated 2023	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets, (Net of Depreciation) Total Assets	\$ 8,670,814 40,222,419 48,893,233	\$ 7,975,435 40,497,727 48,473,162	\$ 695,379 (275,308) 420,071	8.7% (0.7%) 0.9%
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources - OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources - Refunding Bond Total Deferred Outflows	2,958,448 4,774,710 33,598 7,766,756	3,709,278 6,239,504 44,998 9,993,780	(750,830) (1,464,794) (11,400) (2,227,024)	(20.2%) (23.5%) (25.3%)
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 56,659,989	\$ 58.466.942	<u>\$ (1.806.953)</u>	(3.1%)
Current Liabilities Non-Current Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 3,533,860 62,792,905 66,326,765	\$ 16,293,356 50,858,052 67,151,408	\$ (12,759,496) 11,934,853 (824,643)	(78.3%) 23.5% (1.2%)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions Total Deferred Inflows	9.022,527 664,261 9.686,788	11,371,051 <u>295,248</u> <u>11,666,299</u>	(2,348,524) <u>369,013</u> (1,979,511)	(20.7%) 125.0%
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	76,013,553	78,817,707	(2,804,154)	(3.6%)
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit) Total Net Position (Deficit)	21,208,442 4,464,128 (45,026,134) (19,353,564)	20,955,412 3,473,785 (44,779,962) (20,350,765)	253,030 990,343 (246,172) 997,201	1.2% 28.5% (0.5%) 4.9%
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position	\$ 56.659.989	<u>\$ 58,466,942</u>	<u>\$ (1,806,953)</u>	(3.1%)

Current assets increased by \$695,379 from the prior year. This increase is mainly due to an increase in cash balances of \$1,351,315, offset by a decrease in prepaid expenditures of \$414,075 and a decrease in receivables of \$241,861.

Capital assets (net of depreciation) decreased by \$275,308 as compared to the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to depreciation expense amounts exceeding capital outlays. Note 5 to the Financial Statements provides additional information.

Deferred Outflows decreased by \$2,227,024 primarily due to amounts provided by the actuaries for OPEB and amounts provided by the TRS and ERS pension systems.

Current liabilities decreased by \$12,759,496 as compared to the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in bond anticipation notes as they moved to permanent financing.

(Continued)

Non-Current liabilities increased by \$11,934,853 as compared to the prior year. This increase was primarily due to the issuance of a new serial bond in the amount of \$10,215,000, and an increase in the OPEB liability at the end of the year primarily due to changes in assumptions used by the actuaries.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$1,979,511 due to changes in actuarial assumptions provided by the Retirement Systems and OPEB.

The net investment in capital assets is calculated by subtracting the amount of outstanding debt used for construction from the total cost of all asset acquisitions and leases, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. The total cost of these acquisitions includes expenditures to purchase land, construct and improve buildings and purchase and lease vehicles, equipment and furniture to support District operations.

The restricted portion of the net position at June 30, 2024 is \$4,464,128, which represents the amount of the District's restricted funds in the General, Miscellaneous Special Revenue, Capital and Debt Service funds.

The unrestricted portion of the net position at June 30, 2024, is a deficit of \$45,026,134, and represents the amount by which the District's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources, excluding restricted assets, capital and leased assets and debt related to capital construction. This deficit is primarily a result of the requirement to accrue other postemployment benefits. The accrued liability for the OPEB obligation is \$45,889,005 at June 30, 2024.

#### B. Changes in Net Position

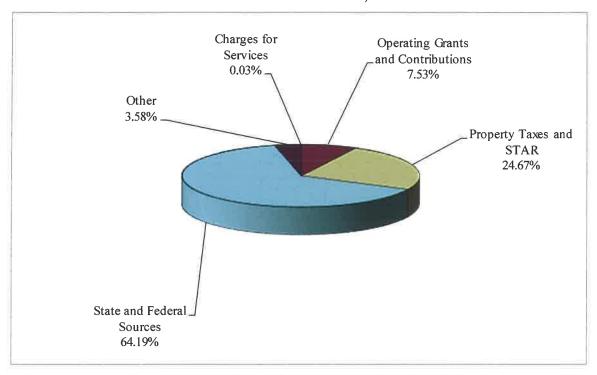
The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format in the accompanying financial statements. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

					]	Increase	Percentage
Revenues		2024		2023	(I	Decrease)	Change
Program Revenues					.=		
Charges for Services	\$	7,394	\$	6,096	\$	1,298	21.3%
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,809,901		1,746,878		63,023	3.6%
General Revenues							
Property Taxes and STAR		5,931,289		5,791,713		139,576	2.4%
State and Federal Sources		15,431,480		13,492,611		1,938,869	14.4%
Other		861,490		817,886	/	43,604	5.3%
Total Revenues		24,041,554	-	21,855,184	-	2,186,370	10.0%
Expenses							
General Support		3,148,878		2,761,298		387,580	14.0%
Instruction		17,397,334		15,347,145		2,050,189	13.4%
Pupil Transportation		2,070,558		1,760,837		309,721	17.6%
Debt Service-Unallocated Interest		783,982		595,389		188,593	31.7%
Food Service Program		71,036	_	48,677		22,359	45.9%
Total Expenses	-	23,471,788	77	20,513,346	·	2,958,442	14.4%
Total Change in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	569,766	<u>\$</u>	1,341,838	<u>\$</u>	(772,072)	(57.5%)

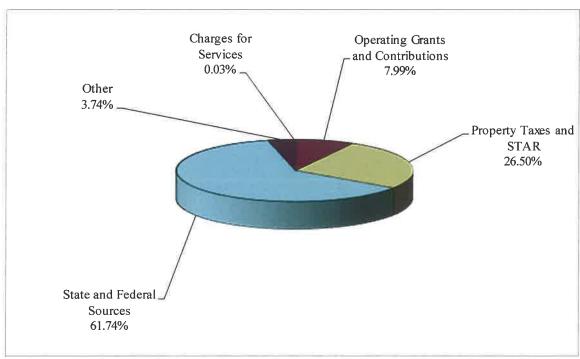
- The District's state and federal revenues increased by \$1,938,869 in 2024 or 14.4%. The major factor that contributed to the increase was additional State aid received by the District primarily due to an increase in Basic State Aid.
- The District's expenditures increased by \$2,958,442 compared to the prior year mainly due to increases in salaries and benefits as well as changes in the allocations for the pension and OPEB expenses.

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

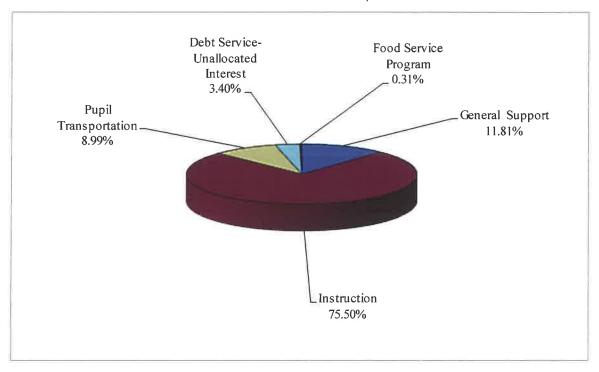


For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

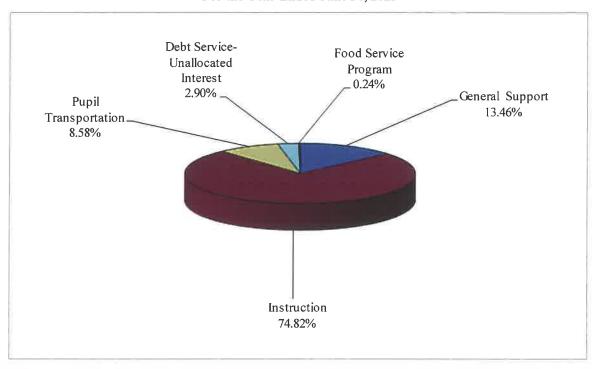


A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024



For the Year Ended June 30, 2023



(Continued)

#### 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$6,048,071 which is an increase of \$12,439,711 from the prior year. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

			Increase
General Fund	2024	2023	(Decrease)
Nonspendable	\$	\$ 414,075	\$ (414,075)
Restricted			
Repair Reserve	26,371	25,886	485
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	80,361	78,884	1,477
Liability Reserve	103,188	100,848	2,340
Retirement Contribution Reserve-ERS	1,040,486	1,031,363	9,123
Retirement Contribution Reserve-TRS	219,605	97,775	121,830
Workers' Compensation Reserve	65,422	64,220	1,202
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	63,964	62,788	1,176
Capital Reserve	1,334,065	622,414	711,651
Total Restricted	2,933,462	2,084,178	849,284
Assigned			
Encumbrances	43,520	149,224	(105,704)
Total Assigned	43,520	149,224	(105,704)
Unassigned	3,871,718	2,561,657	1,310,061
Total General Fund	6,848,700	5,209,134	1,639,566
School Lunch Fund			
Assigned	159,845	100,246	59,599
Special Aid Fund			
Unassigned (Deficit)	ř.	(2,274)	2,274
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund			
Restricted	864,746	843,673	21,073
Debt Service Fund			
Restricted	394,292	384,761	9,531
Capital Projects Fund			
Restricted	271,628	161,173	110,455
Unassigned (Deficit)	(2,491,140)	(13,088,353)	10,597,213
Total Capital Projects Fund	(2,219,512)	(12,927,180)	10,707,668
. Com cup turi rojecto r una	(=,= 17,012)	(,=,,=,,,00)	141.57,500
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)- All Funds	<u>\$ 6,048,071</u>	\$ (6,391,640)	<u>\$ 12,439,711</u>

(Continued)

#### 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

#### A. 2023-2024 Budget

The District's General Fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$20,959,619. This is an increase of \$916,478 over the prior year's adopted budget.

The budget was funded through a combination of revenues and assigned fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$5,924,967 in estimated property taxes and STAR and State Aid in the amount of \$14,510,652.

#### B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The General Fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund the subsequent year's budget. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as the "fund balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	2,561,657
Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Budget		1,037,217
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget		708,053
Net Increase to Nonspendable and Restricted Funds	-	(435,209)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	3,871,718

#### Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$2,561,657 shown in the table above is the portion of the District's June 30, 2023, fund balance that was retained as unassigned. This was 12.22% of the District's 2023-2024 approved operating budget.

#### Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Budget

The 2023-2024 final budget for revenues was \$20,959,619. The actual revenues and other financing sources received for the year were \$21,996,836. The actual revenue and other financing sources were over budget by \$1,037,217. This variance contributes directly to the change to the unassigned portion of the General Fund, fund balance from June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024.

#### **Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget**

The 2023-2024 final budget for expenditures and other financing uses was \$21,108,843. The actual expenditures, other financing uses and encumbrances were \$20,400,790. The final budget was under expended by \$708,053. This under expenditure contributes to the change to the unassigned portion of the General Fund, fund balance from June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024.

#### Net Increase to Nonspendable and Restricted Funds

In the current year the District's Nonspendable and Restricted funds increased in the amount of \$435,209. The increase is primarily due to increases in reserves offset by a decrease in prepaid expenditures.

(Continued)

#### DrClosing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the District will begin the 2024-2025 fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$3,871,718. This is an increase of \$1,310,061 from the unassigned fund balance from the prior year. This was 17.36% of the District's approved operating budget for 2024-2025.

#### 6. CAPITAL AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### A. Capital and Right to Use Leased Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and licensed vehicles. The net decrease in capital is due to depreciation exceeding amounts expended for capital additions for the year ended June 30, 2024. A summary of the District's capital, net of depreciation at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

			F	Restated	I	ncrease
	-	2024		2023	([	Decrease)
Land	\$	84,705	\$	84,705	\$	
Land Improvements		96,552		112,861		(16,309)
Buildings and Improvements		38,321,372		39,226,553		(905,181)
Machinery and Equipment		295,490		252,290		43,200
Licensed Vehicles	·	1,424,300		1,248,754		175,546
Capital Assets, Net	\$	40,222,419	\$	40,925,163	\$	(702,744)

#### B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2024, the District had total bonds payable of \$15,165,000. A summary of the outstanding bonds at June 30, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	 2024	-	2023	Increase Decrease)
Serial Bonds					
2011	3.0-5.0%	\$ 615,000	\$	1,005,000	\$ (390,000)
2017	2.00-4.00%	705,000		990,000	(285,000)
2017	3.00-5.00%	2,745,000		3,065,000	(320,000)
2020	5.00%	885,000		950,000	(65,000)
2024	5.00%	 10,215,000			10,215,000
		\$ 15,165,000	\$	6,010,000	\$ 9,155,000

(Continued)

#### 7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Expenses - The District has benefited by the increase in grant revenue through the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary Relief program and was able to better meet the needs of students, while reducing the burden on taxpayers. This additional revenue helped to offset some district expenses, create new initiatives and helped to mitigate the impact of the COVID pandemic on student learning and wellness. These pandemic relief monies ended in September 2024.

Revenue - Funding through the American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary Relief program has been added to the two main revenue streams the District has to support its educational programs - State Aid and property taxes. The District is heavily dependent on state aid as approximately 69% of the revenue is derived from this source while approximately 24% of the revenue comes from property taxes. The remaining revenue is made up of appropriated fund balance and other small revenue streams. The district has continued to maximize the federal grants as a revenue source and continued to until the end of these grants in September 2024.

State Aid - There are two types of State aid, formula-based aid and expense driven aid. The District continues to maximize expense driven aid categories and takes advantage of BOCES programs and services. The district benefited from the increase of 16.54% in Foundation Aid in the 2023-2024 budget. However, the district is projecting a 0% increase in Foundation aid for the 2024-25 school year.

Tax Levy - The Property Tax Cap Calculation under Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 enacted places restrictions on the District's ability to increase revenue through the levy. The District was legally allowed to increase the tax levy by 2.34% in 2020-21, 2.5% in 2021-22, 3.4% in 2022-23, and 2.5% in 2023-24. The District has stayed at or under the tax cap since the enactment of the law in 2011. In order to maintain the educational programs in the subsequent year, the District obligated an amount to the appropriated fund balance from the reserve funds for 2020-21. No appropriated fund balance was allocated to the 2022-2023 and 2023-2024 school year budgets. The district's intention is to allocate \$293,536 appropriated fund balance.

#### 8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, at 381 Madison Street, Waterville, NY 13480.

## WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

3210 00, 2021		
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,017,530
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,056,034
Receivables		
Tax Receivables		17,999
Other Governments		2,466,974
Other Receivables		112,277
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		40,222,419
Total Assets	-	48,893,233
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pensions		2,958,448
OPEB		4,774,710
Deferred Charge on Refunding of Debt (Net of Amortization)		33,598
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		7,766,756
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	56,659,989
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	140,191
Accrued Liabilities	Ψ	315,006
Accrued Interest Payable		79,825
Due To		19,623
Teachers' Retirement System		621,685
Employees' Retirement System		56,487
Bond Anticipation Notes		1,225,348
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		1,031,318
Unearned Revenue		64,000
Noncurrent Liabilities		01,000
Due Within One Year		
Bonds Payable		1,570,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums		182,217
Due in More Than One Year		,
Unamortized Bond Premiums		1,480,846
Compensated Absences		75,837
Other Postemployment Benefits		45,889,005
Bonds Payable		13,595,000
Total Liabilities		66,326,765
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB		9,022,527
Pensions To A.D. Constant Grant G.D.	=	664,261
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	9,686,788
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	76.013.553
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		21,208,442
Restricted		4,464,128
Unrestricted (Deficit)	:=	(45,026,134
Total Net Position (Deficit)	-	(19,353,564
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (Deficit)	\$	56,659,989

## WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			-	Program	Rev	renues	N	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs	-	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
General Support	\$	3,148,878	\$		\$		\$	(3,148,878)
Instruction		17,483,355		7,394		1,866,428		(15,609,533)
Pupil Transportation		2,070,558						(2,070,558)
Food Service		71,036				29,494		(41,542)
Interest on Debt		783,982			_		,	(783,982)
Total Functions/Programs	\$	23,557,809	\$	7,394	\$	1,895,922	_	(21,654,493)
General Revenues								
Real Property Taxes								5,129,641
STAR and Other Real Property Tax	Items							801,648
Use of Money and Property								273,412
Loss on Sale of Property and Comp	ensatio	n for Loss						11,967
State and Federal Sources								15,431,480
Miscellaneous							_	576,111
Total General Revenues							_	22,224,259
Change in Net Position								569,766
Net Position (Deficit), Begin	nning o	of Year						(18,917,118)
Prior Period Adjustment								(1,006,212)
Net Position (Deficit), Begin	nning o	of Year (Resta	ted)					(19,923,330)
Net Position (Deficit), End	of Yea	r					\$_	(19,353,564)

#### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** June 30, 2024

							M	iscellaneous						
				School		Special		Special		Debt				
		General		Lunch	_	Aid		Revenue		Service		Capital	-	Total
Assets														
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,941,074	\$	25,707	\$	50,749	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,017,530
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables		2,933,462						863,425		252,126		7,021		4,056,034
Tax Receivables		17,999												17,999
Other Governments		991,068		100,894		1,375,012								2,466,974
Due from Other Funds		3,812,225		33,473		1,770,508		678		142,166		277,993		6,037,043
Other Receivables		106,300	2		_	5,261	_	716	=				-	112,277
Total Assets	\$	9,802,128	\$	160,074	\$	3,201,530	\$	864,819	\$	394,292	<u>\$</u>	285,014	<u>\$</u>	14,707,857
Liabilities														
Payables														
Accounts Payable	\$	124,776	\$	229	\$	7,408	\$		\$		\$	7,778	\$	140,191
Accrued Liabilities		315,006												315,006
Unearned Revenue						64,000								64,000
Due To														
Other Funds		1,635,448				3,130,122		73				1,271,400		6,037,043
Teachers' Retirement System		621,685												621,685
Employees' Retirement System		56,487												56,487
Bond Anticipation Note	-		-		_		-		-			1,225,348	-	1,225,348
Total Liabilities	8	2,753,402	_	229	_	3,201,530		73	-		_	2,504,526	_	8,459,760
Deferred Inflow of Resources														
Unavailable - State Aid	-	200,026			_	-	_		-		_		_	200,026
Fund Balance (Deficit)														
Restricted		2,933,462						864,746		394,292		271,628		4,464,128
Assigned		43,520		159,845										203,365
Unassigned (Deficit)	_	3,871,718			_							(2,491,140)	_	1,380,578
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		6,848,700	-	159,845			_	864,746	_	394,292	-	(2,219,512)	_	6,048,071
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	9,802,128	\$	160,074	\$	3.201.530	\$	864.819	\$	394,292	\$	285,014	\$	14.707.857

# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Funds	\$	6,048,071
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources that are recognized in the Statement of Net Position but not the fund financial statements.		
Unavailable Revenue	_	200,026
The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) Financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures		
n the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet.		
However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets		
among the assets of the School District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.		
Original Cost of Capital Assets		73,767,698
Accumulated Depreciation		(33,545,279
		40,222,419
Proportionate share of long-term asset and liability associated with participation in state retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds.		
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		(1,031,318
Deferred Outflows of Resources, Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources, Pensions		2,958,448 (664,261
Deferred filliows of Resources, Lensions		1,262,869
A defeasance loss from refunding of debt is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources		
n the Statement of Net Position but recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		
The defeasance loss is net of accumulated amortization.	( <u>-</u>	33,598
Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not eported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds Payable		(15,165,000)
Unamortized Bond Premiums		(1,663,063
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable		(79,825
Deferred Outflows of Resources, OPEB		4,774,710
Deferred Inflows of Resources, OPEB Other Post Employment Liabilities		(9,022,527) (45,889,005)
Compensated Absences Payable		(75,837)
		(67,120,547)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>\$</u>	(19,353,564)

#### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

							Mi	scellaneous					
		0 1		School	Specia	1		Special		Debt			<b>T</b> I
Revenues	-	General		Lunch	Aid		_	Revenue		ervice	Capital	_	Total
Real Property Taxes	S	5,129,641	e		\$		\$		\$		•	S	6 120 64
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items	3	801,648	ъ		3		3		2		\$	3	5,129,64
Charges for Services		7,394											801,64 7,39
Use of Money and Property		163,217		100,664						4,633			268,51
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		42,689		100,004						4,033			42,68
Miscellaneous		531,222				2,116		<b>42,7</b> 73					576,11
State Aid		15,229,814		29,494		8,932		42,773			110,455		15,678,69
Federal Aid		91,211		27,474		7,496					110,433		1,648,70
	_			120.150				40.550	_	1.000	110.455	_	
Total Revenues	_	21,996,836		130,158	1,86	<u>8,544</u>		42,773		4,633	110,455	_	24,153,39
Expenditures													
General Support		2,516,018						21,700					2,537,71
Instruction		10,233,011			1,91	3,425							12,146,43
Pupil Transportation		866,989									475,301		1,342,29
Food Service Program				70,559									70,55
Employee Benefits		4,224,465				344							4,224,809
Capital Outlay											827,936		827,936
Debt Service - Principal		1,625,000											1,625,000
Debt Service - Interest		844,288											844,281
Total Expenditures		20,309,771		70,559	1,91	3,769		21,700			1,303,237		23,619,03
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures		1,687,065		59,599	(4	5,225)	_	21,073		4,633	(1,192,782	1	534,36
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt											10,215,000		10,215,00
BANs Redeemed from Appropriations											565,000		565,000
Premium on Obligations										4,898	1,120,450		1,125,34
Transfers from Other Funds					4	7,499				,,	1,120,100		47,49
Transfers to Other Funds		(47,499)				.,							(47,49
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(47,499)			4	7,499				4,898	11,900,450		11,905,34
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures and													
				50.555									
Other Financing Sources		1,639,566		59,599		2,274		21,073		9,531	10,707,668		12,439,71
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	-	5,209,134		100,246	(	2,274)		843,673		384,761	(12,927,180)		(6,391,64
rund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	ø.	6,848,700	_	159,845	s		s	864,746		394,292	\$ (2.219.512)	· \$	6.048.07

# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$	12,439,711
Capital Outlays to construct, purchase, or lease capital or right to use assets are reported			
in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental			
activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and			
allocated over their useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses in the			
statement of activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays			
exceeded depreciation and amortization and loss on disposal in the period.			
Depreciation Expense	(1,554,878)		
Loss on Disposal	(30,722)		
Capital Outlays	,		(702,744)
			( , , ,
Repayments of bond principal is an expenditure in			
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities			
in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount of Bond repayments.			
Repayment Bond Principal	1,060,000		(10,275,450)
Certain expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of			
current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds.			
Accrued Interest on Serial Bonds	(35,814)		
Amortization of Bond Premium	107,520		
Amortization of Deferred Charge	(11,400)		
Change in Other Post Employment Liabilities and Deferred Outflows/Inflows	(915,991)		
Change in Compensated Absences	32,798		
Retainage Payable	427,437		
Change in Pension Expense	(496,301)	_	(891,751)
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	569,766

#### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	C	ustodial	
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted	\$	43,835	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	43,835	
Net Position			
Restricted for Extraclassroom	\$	43,835	
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	43,835	

## WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial
Additions	
Extraclassroom Fundraising	\$ 98,953
Total Additions	98,953
Deductions	
Extraclassroom Expenditures	108,491
Total Deductions	108.491
Change in Net Position	(9,538)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	53,373
Net Position, End of Year	<u>\$ 43,835</u>

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Waterville Central School District (the School District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as they apply to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Certain significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the School District are described below:

#### Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The School District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of 7 members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all, activities related to public school education within the School District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal members.

The reporting entity of the School District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the School District. The School District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the School District's reporting entity.

#### Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The School District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in a custodial fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the School District's administrative offices.

#### Joint Venture

The School District is a component district in the Madison-Oneida Counties Board of Cooperative Education Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a School District can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES' are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES' Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES' Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES' property is held by the BOCES' Board as a corporation [§1950(6)]. In addition, BOCES' Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District was billed \$4,482,616 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,565,649. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the Oneida-Herkimer-Madison BOCES administrative office.

#### Basis of Presentation

#### (a) District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the School District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits and depreciation expense for the year, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended and total expenditures, respectively, for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### (b) Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All funds of the School District are displayed as major funds. The School District reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the School District's primary operating fund used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds:

**School Lunch Fund**: This fund is used to account for and report transactions of the School District's food service operations.

**Special Aid Fund**: This fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and State grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue: These funds are used to account for and report arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third-party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the School District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

**Debt Service Fund:** This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for principal and interest on debt. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

#### (c) Fiduciary Funds

This fund is used to account for and report activities on a custodial nature. Fiduciary activities are those in which the School District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the School District, and are not available to be used. There is one class of fiduciary funds:

Custodial Funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature. Assets are held by the School District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### **Property Taxes**

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education and become a lien no later than September 1. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the counties of Oneida and Madison. The Counties pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the School District no later than the following April 1.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

The operations of the School District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The School District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

The amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for due to and due from other funds represents amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for amounts due to and due from within the same fund type. A detailed description of the interfund transactions at year end is shown in Note 9 to the financial statements.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits, potential contingent liabilities, and useful lives of long-lived assets.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. New York State law governs the School District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

#### Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

#### **Deferred Outflow of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability or asset and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions not included in pension expense. The second item has to deal with the refunding of school district debt. These issuance costs associated with the refunding of debt are amortized over the life of the bond. The third item is related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) reported on the District-wide Statement of Net Position and represents the effect of differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions during the year. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized in OPEB expense over the next several years.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assts are recorded at cost and donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. The School District uses capitalization thresholds of \$5,000, (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts). The School District uses the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements:

Land Improvements	20 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	25-50 Years
Licensed Vehicles	8 Years

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the District-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability or asset and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item is related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) reported on the District-wide Statement of Net Position and represents the effect of differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions during the year. These amounts are deferred and will be recognized in OPEB expense over the next several years.

#### Vested Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

The School District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation, or death, employees may receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave, based on contractual provisions.

Consistent with GASB, an accrual for accumulated sick leave is included in the compensated absences liability at year end. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the fund statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources.

#### Other Benefits

Eligible School District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Collective bargaining agreements determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing postemployment benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. Other postemployment benefit costs are measured and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 10).

#### Short-Term Debt

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes to be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due within one year or due in more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### **Equity Classifications**

#### (a) District-wide Financial Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of net capital and right to use leased assets (cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, leasing, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – reports Net Position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflow of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – reports the balance of the Net Position that does not meet the definition of the above classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### (b) Fund Statements

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

#### Non-spendable

This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District did not have any non-spendable fund balance at June 30, 2024.

#### Restricted Resources

This category includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Generally, the District's policy is to use restricted resources only when appropriated by the Board of Education. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the School District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements.

The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Reserve for Repairs

Repair Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to accumulate funds through voter approval to finance future costs of major repairs to capital improvements or equipment. Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held. In an emergency, expenditures may be made from the reserve fund without a public hearing with approval of two-thirds of the Board of Education. The emergency expenditure must be repaid within the next two succeeding fiscal years. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used for the payment of any accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve fund may be established by a majority vote of the board of education and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### • Liability Reserve

Liability Insurance Reserve is used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve was established by Board action, and may be funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### • Reserve for Retirement Contribution

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This reserve is established by Board resolution and is funded by budgetary appropriation and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund. Effective April 1, 2019, a Board may adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, not to exceed a total of 10%. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r.

#### Reserve for Workers' Compensation

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) is used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### Reserve for Unemployment Insurance

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

#### • Reserve for Capital Projects

Capital reserve (Education law §3651) is used to accumulate funds to finance all or a portion of future capital projects for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term, and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. Total expenditures over the life of each capital reserve may not exceed the voter approved maximum. Funds may be transferred to other reserves only with voter approval. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

In May 2019, the Board and voters established a capital reserve fund to reserve up to \$10 million for the purpose of capital improvements. The reserve was established with a probable term of ten years. The fund can be used to offset the local share of future capital project work. This proposition only establishes the capital reserve fund and does not obligate the district to fund it at any specific level at any time. The district will determine the level at which it is funded based on current and future financial conditions. As of June 30, 2024, the District has funded \$1,290,988 of this reserve.

#### • Reserve for Endowment and Scholarships

This reserve is used to account for various endowment and scholarship awards. This reserve is accounted for in the Miscellaneous Special Revenue fund.

#### • Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted to pay debt service. The funds include unused debt proceeds and interest and earnings on the temporary investment of debt proceeds.

#### • Capital Projects Fund

This fund is used to account for and report the financial resources that are restricted by a voter approved proposition for acquisition, construction or major repair of capital facilities.

#### **Unrestricted Resources**

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

• *Committed* - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision-making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District had no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2024.

- Assigned Includes amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Education or (b) the designated official, such as the District's Purchasing Agent, to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. All encumbrances, other than in the Capital Fund, are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the applicable fund. The amount appropriated for the subsequent year's budget of the General fund is also classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund.
- Unassigned Includes all other fund balances that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in the respective fund.

#### (c) Reserve for Extraclassroom Activities

This reserve is used to account for various student groups or extraclassroom activities. This reserve is accounted for in the custodial fund.

#### (d) Order of Use of Fund Balance

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for the purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, (e.g. expenditures related to reserves) the Board will assess the current financial condition of the School District and then determine the order of application of expenditures to which the fund balance classification will be charged.

#### Future Changes in Accounting Standards

- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.
- GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the year ending June 30, 2025.
- GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for the year ending June 30, 2026.

The District will evaluate the impact these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

## 2. EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource management focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resource management focus of the governmental funds.

#### Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Compared To Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the School District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheet.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balance Compared To Statement of Activities

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of six broad categories.

#### (a) Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

#### (b) Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase or lease of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation or amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### (c) Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### (d) Employee Benefit Allocation

Expenditures for employee benefits are not allocated to a specific function on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances based on the requirements of New York State. These costs have been allocated based on total salary for each function.

#### (e) Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net position asset/liability and differences between the Districts' contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension system.

#### (f) OPEB Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and difference between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

#### 3. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

#### Fund Balance Limitations

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation. At June 30, 2024 the District's unassigned fund balance was 17.36% of the 2024-2025 budget which is not in compliance with laws and regulations.

#### Statutory Debt Limit

At June 30, 2024, the School District was in compliance with the statutory debt limit.

#### **Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting**

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted.

The voters of the School District approved the proposed appropriations budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line-item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District did not make any supplemental appropriations.

The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### NYS Real Property Tax Cap

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 established a property tax levy limit (generally referred to as the tax cap) that restricts the amount of property taxes local governments (including school districts) can levy. The tax levy for the 2023-2024 school year was within the NYS Tax Cap Limit. The excess, including interest earned, must be deducted from the prior year levy to begin the calculation of the coming year's tax levy limit.

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the School District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the School District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

- A. Uncollateralized;
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2024, the School District's bank balances totaling \$7,263,137 were fully collateralized by securities held by an agent of the pledging financial institution in the School District's name, and FDIC insurance and were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

As of June 30, 2024, the School District's restricted cash consisted of the following:

			Mis	cellaneous						
				Special		Debt				
	_	General	,	Revenue	_	Service	_	Capital	_	Total
Repair Reserve	\$	26,371	\$		\$		\$		\$	26,371
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve		80,361								80,361
Liability Reserve		103,188								103,188
Retirement Contribution Reserve-ERS		1.040,486								1,040,486
Retirement Contribution Reserve-TRS		219,605								219,605
Workers' Compensation Reserve		65,422								65,422
Unemployment Insurance Reserve		63,964								63,964
Restricted for Scholarships				863,425						863,425
Debt Service						252,126				252,126
Capital Reserve		1,334,065								1,334,065
Capital Projects Fund							_	7,021		7,021
Total Restricted	\$	2,933,462	\$	863,425	\$	252,126	\$	7,021	\$	4,056,034

#### 5. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Prior Period Adjustment	Additions	Deletions		Ending Balance	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$ 84,705	\$		\$	\$		\$	84,705
Construction in Progress	20,498.989	_	(20,498,989)					
Total	20,583,694	_	(20.498.989)		_		_	84,705
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Land Improvements	895,223							895,223
Buildings and Improvements	48,543,494		20,381,432	321,323				69,246,249
Machinery and Equipment	982,553	32,553		74,265				1,056,818
Licensed Vehicles	2,281,860			487,268		284,425		2,484,703
Total	52,703,130		20,381,432	882,856		284,425		73,682,993
Accumulated Depreciation								
Land Improvements	782,362			16,309				798,671
Buildings and Improvements	28,809,718		888,655	1,226,504				30,924,877
Machinery and Equipment	730,263			31,065				761,328
Licensed Vehicles	1,033,106			281,000		253,703		1,060,403
Total	31,355,449		888,655	1,554,878		253,703		33,545,279
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	21,347,681		19,492,777	(672,022)		30,722		40,137,714
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 41,931,375</u>	\$	(1,006,212)	\$ (672,022)	\$	30,722	S	40,222,419

Depreciation expense of \$1,554,878 was allocated based on estimated usage by function as follows:

Function/Program		
General Support	\$	239,915
Instruction		1,030,237
Pupil Transportation		284,249
Food Service Program	_	477
Total Depreciation	\$	1,554,878

#### 6. SHORT-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of BAN's outstanding at June 30,2024:

	Date of		Date of			
	Original	Original	Final	Interest	Οι	ıtstanding
Description	<u>Issue</u>	 Amount	Maturity	<u>Rate (%)</u>		Amount
2024 BAN	08/24	\$ 1,225,348	08/24	5.00%	\$	1,225,348

Changes in the School District's short-term outstanding debt for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

		Balance							Balance
Description		07/01/23	R	tefinanced	 Issued		Paid		06/30/24
2023 BAN	\$	1,081,455	\$		\$	\$	1,081,455	\$	
2023 BAN		11,695,000		11,695,000					
2024 BAN					 1,225,348	_		_	1,225,348
Total	<u>s</u>	12,776,455	\$	11,695,000	\$ 1,225,348	\$	1,081,455	\$	1,225,348

Interest expense on short term debt for the year ended June 30,2024 is calculated as follows:

Interest Paid	\$	569,176
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year		(38,281)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	<del>-</del>	48,796
Total Interest Expense on Short-Term Debt	\$	579,691

#### 7. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Noncurrent liability balances and activity are as follows:

Description	ì	Restated Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable		Dalance	_	Additions		Deletions	_	Dalatice	_	One rear
Serial Bonds	\$	6,010,000	\$	10,215,000	\$	1,060,000	\$	15,165,000	\$	1,570,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums		650,133		1,120,450		107,520		1,663,063		182,217
Other Liabilities										
Compensated Absences		108,635				32,798		75,837		
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		44,089,284		3,645,155		1,845,434		45,889,005		
Total Long Term Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	_50.858.052	<u>\$</u>	14,980,605	<u>\$</u>	3,045,752	<u>\$</u>	62,792,905	<u>\$</u>	1,752,217

#### Serial Bonds

The School District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. The provision to be made in future budgets for capital indebtedness represents the amount exclusive of interest, authorized to be collected in future years from taxpayers and others for liquidation of the long-term liabilities. In the event of a default in the payment of the principal and/or interest on the Bonds, the State Comptroller is required to withhold, under certain conditions prescribed by Section 99-b of the State Finance Law, state aid and assistance to the District and to apply the amount thereof so withheld to the payment of such defaulted principal and/or interest, which requirement constitutes a covenant by the State with the holders from time to time of the Bonds.

The following is a statement of the School District's serial bonds with corresponding maturity schedules:

	Date of Original		Original	Date of Final	Interest	O	utstanding
Payable From/Description	Issue	Amount		Maturity	Rate (%)		Amount
2011 Serial Bonds	12/11	\$	4,160,000	07/25	3.00-5.00	\$	615,000
2017 Refunding Bond	04/17	\$	5,400,000	06/27	2.00-4.00		705,000
2017 Bond	06/17	\$	4,675,000	06/31	3.00-5.00		2,745,000
2020 Bond	06/20	\$	1,215,000	06/35	5.00		885,000
2024 Bond	06/24	\$	10,215,000	06/39	5.00		10,215,000
Total						\$	15,165,000

Total principal and interest payments due on long-term debt are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	12	Serial Bonds				
June 30,		Principal Interest		Total		
2025	\$	1,570,000	\$	885,106	\$	2,455,106
2026		1,425,000		669,350		2,094,350
2027		1,275,000		606,400		1,881,400
2028		1,115,000		544,750		1,659,750
2029		1,175,000		489,000		1,664,000
2030-2034		5,315,000		1,576,000		6,891,000
2035-2039	·	3,290,000		373,250		3,663,250
Total	\$	15,165,000	\$	5,143,856	\$	20,308,856

Total interest for the year was as follows:

Interest Paid	\$	264,597
Less: Bond Premium Amortization		(107,520)
Plus: Deferred Charge Amortization		11,400
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year		(44,011)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year		79,825
Total Interest Expense on Long-Term Debt	<u>\$</u>	204,291

#### Prior-Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2024, \$785,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

#### Deferred Charge from Refunding of Debt

The cost of issuing the serial bonds has been capitalized and recorded as a deferred outflow on the District-wide financial statements. The cost is being amortized using a straight-line method over 10 years, the remaining time to maturity of the bonds. The current year amortization is \$11,400 and is included as an addition to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred Charge from Refunding of Debt	\$113,398
Less: Amount Recognized	(79,800)
Net Deferred Charge from Refunding	\$ 33,598

#### **Unamortized Premiums**

The original issue premiums on bonds has been deferred and recorded as an addition to long-term liabilities on the District-wide financial statements. The premiums are being amortized using the straight-line method over a period of 10 to 14 years, the remaining time to maturity of the respective bond issue. The current year amortization is \$107,520 and is included as a reduction to interest expense on the statement of activities.

Deferred Premium from Refunding of Debt	\$448,150
Deferred Premium from DASNY Bond	662,484
Deferred Premium from DASNY Bond	153,849
Deferred Premium from Serial Bond	1,120,450
Less: Amount Recognized	_(721,870)
Unamortized Premiums	\$ <u>1,663,063</u>

#### 8. PENSION PLANS

#### A. New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

#### (a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The system provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

The Net Position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

#### (b) Contributions

The System is noncontributory for employees who joined prior to July 28, 1976. For employees who joined after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 but before April 1, 2012 are required to contribute 3% of their annual salary for their entire working career. Those who joined on or after April 1, 2012 contribute at a rate ranging from 3% to 6% based on their total annualized salary for their entire career. Under the authority of the RSSL, the Comptroller certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. All required contributions for the NYSERS fiscal year ended March 31, 2024, were paid.

The required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	A	Amount	
2022	\$	233,597	
2023	\$	191,281	
2024	\$	206,272	

### (c) Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$693,615 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 0.0047108% and 0.0052452% respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized a pension expense of \$315,452. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defen	red Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
	of I	Resources	ofR	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	223,413	\$	18,913
Change of Assumptions		262,240		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on				
Pensions Plan Investments				338,827
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions				
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		41,562		41,963
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	:	56.487	-	
Total	\$	583,702	\$	399,703

At June 30, 2024 \$56,487 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset or liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (123,382)
2026	\$ 132,213
2027	\$ 199,314
2028	\$ (80,633)

### (d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2024 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2023, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2024.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2023 valuation are as follows:

Investment Rate of Return	
(Net of Investment Expense,	
including Inflation)	5.90%
Salary Scale	4.40%
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020
	System's Experience
Inflation Rate	2.90%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2020 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020.

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	32%	4.00%
International Equity	15%	6.65%
Private Equity	10%	7.25%
Real Estate	9%	4.60%
Opportunistic/Absolute Return Strategies	3%	5.25%
Credit	4%	5.40%
Real Assets	3%	5.79%
Fixed Income	23%	1.50%
Cash	1%	0.25%
	100%	<b>=</b> ?

<sup>\*</sup> Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.90%

### (e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset/liability.

### (f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.9 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Decrease		Assumption	Increase
		(4.9%)	(5.9%)	(6.9%)
Proportionate Share of				
the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,180,796	\$ 693,615	\$ (548,490)

### (g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS financial report.

### (h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to ERS in amount of \$56,487 at June 30, 2024. This amount represents the three months of the School District's fiscal year that will be covered in the ERS 2024-2025 billing cycle and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

### B. New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

### (a) Plan Description

The School District participates in the New York Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple- benefits.

The TRS was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. TRS is administered by the system and governed by a ten-member board to provide these benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. The System provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the New York State Law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and membership class (6 tiers). The System's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable. Investments are recognized at fair value. For additional plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the TRS website located at www.nystrs.org.

### (b) Contributions

Pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law, employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate adopted annually by the Retirement Board. Tier 3 and Tier 4 members who have less than 10 years of service or membership are required by law to contribute 3% of salary to the System. Tier 5 members are required by law to contribute 3.5% of salary throughout their active membership. Tier 6 members are required by law to contribute between 3% and 6% of salary throughout their active membership in accordance with a schedule based upon salary earned. Pursuant to Article 14 and Article 15 of the Retirement and Social Security Law, those member contributions are used to help fund the benefits provided by the System. However, if a member dies or leaves covered employment with less than 5 years of credited service for Tiers 3 and 4, or 10 years of credited service for Tiers 5 and 6, the member contributions with interest calculated at 5% per annum are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. Eligible Tier 1 and Tier 2 members may make member contributions under certain conditions pursuant to the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law. Upon termination of membership, such accumulated member contributions are refunded. At retirement, such accumulated member contributions can be withdrawn or are paid as a life annuity.

The required employer contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	Amount			
2022	\$	476,609		
2023	\$	523,120		
2024	\$	576,576		

### (c) Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$337,703 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Net Pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.029530% and 0.027625%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized a pension expense of \$964,660. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	818,839	\$	2,024	
Changes of Assumptions		727,064		158,460	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on					
Pensions Plan Investments		172,627			
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Contributions					
and Proportionate Share of Contributions		79,640		104,074	
Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		576,576			
Total	\$	2,374,746	\$	264,558	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, if any, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset or liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 137,235
2025	\$ (167,684)
2026	\$ 1,360,682
2027	\$ 99,470
2028	\$ 64,354
Thereafter	\$ 39,555

### (d) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at June 30, 2023 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were as follows:

Investment Rate	
of Return	6.95 % Compounded Annually, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, Including Inflation.
Salary Scale	Rates of Increase Differ Based on Service.
	They Have Been Calculated Based Upon Recent NYSTRS Member Experience.

	Service	Rate
	Service	Kate
	5	5.18%
	15	3.64%
	25	2,50%
	35	1.95%
Projected COLAs Inflation Rate	1.3% Compounded Annually 2.40%	

Annuitant and active mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2021, applied on a generational basis.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 and June 30, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of the valuation date of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic equity	33.0%	6.8%
International equity	15.0%	7.6%
Global equity	4.0%	7.2%
Real estate equity	11.0%	6.3%
Private equity	9.0%	10.1%
Domestic fixed income	16.0%	2.2%
Global bonds	2.0%	1.6%
Private debt	2.0%	6.0%
Real estate debt	6.0%	3.2%
High-yield bonds	1.0%	4.4%
Cash equivalents	<u>1.0%</u>	0.3%
	<u>100.0%</u>	

<sup>\*</sup>Real rates of return are net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.4% for 2023.

### (e) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension asset/liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from school districts will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### (f) Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Α	ssumption	Increase
	<u>5.95%</u>		<u>6.95%</u>	<u>7.95%</u>
Proportionate Share of				
the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,143,384	\$	337,703	\$ (3,704,083)

### (g) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### (h) Payables to the Pension Plan

The School District has recorded an amount due to TRS in amount of \$576,576 in the General Fund, net of the employees portion at June 30, 2024. This amount represents employer contributions for the 2023-2024 fiscal year that will be made in 2024-2025 and has been accrued as an expenditure in the current year.

### 9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Interfund							
Fund	Re	eceivables_		Payables	Re	evenues	Ехре	enditures
General	\$	3,812,225	\$	1,635,448	\$		\$	47,499
School Lunch		33,473						
Special Aid		1,770,508		3,130,122		47,499		
Debt Service		142,166						
Capital Fund		277,993		1,271,400				
Miscellaneous Special Revenue		678		73				
Total	\$	6,037,043	\$	6,037,043	\$	<u>47,499</u>	\$	47,499

- The interfund payables and receivables will be repaid within the next fiscal year and are for cash flow purposes.
- The District typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund as a local required match for federal and state grants.

### 10. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

### (a) Plan Description

The School District administers a self-insured Minimum Premium Traditional Indemnity Plan to eligible retirees and dependents. The Plan provides for continuation of medical insurance benefits for certain retirees and their spouses and can be amended by action of the School District subject to applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements as described below.

The Plan does not issue a stand-alone publicly available financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying benefits under the Plan.

### (b) Benefits Provided

### Waterville Teachers Association who retired prior to July 1, 1978

Benefit Cost Sharing: Retirees are required to contribute 50% of the individual plan premium.

**Spouse Benefit:** Spouses are required to contribute 65% of the difference between the individual and two-person or family plan premium amounts.

**Surviving Spouse:** Surviving spouses may continue coverage for two years at 65% of the cost of the individual plan premium.

Medicare Part B: The District reimburses 90% of the Medicare Part B premium to Medicare eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses only for members who had been Medicare eligible as of July 1, 2014.

### Waterville Teachers Association who retired between July 1, 1978 and July 1, 1998

Benefit Cost Sharing: Retirees are required to contribute 45% of the individual plan premium.

**Spouse Benefit:** Spouses are required to contribute 60% of the difference between the individual and two-person or family plan premium amounts.

**Surviving Spouse:** Surviving spouses may continue coverage for two years at 60% of the cost of the individual plan premium.

Medicare Part B: The District reimburses 90% of the Medicare Part B premium to Medicare eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses only for members who had been Medicare eligible as of July 1, 2014.

### Waterville Teachers Association (WTA) who retire on or after July 1, 1998 under incentive\*

Eligibility: Must reach the age of 55 with at least 10 years of service with the District and be eligible to retire as a member of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS).

Benefit Cost Sharing: Retirees are required to contribute 10% of the individual plan premium.

**Spouse:** Spouses are required to contribute 10% of the difference between the individual and two-person or family plan premium amounts.

Surviving Spouse: Surviving spouses may continue coverage for two years at 10% of the cost of the individual plan premium.

Medicare Part B: The District reimburses same percentages of the Medicare Part B premium to Medicare eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses as it contributes towards health insurance premiums only for members who had been Medicare eligible as of July 1, 2014.

\*Retirement Incentive: As of July 1, 1998, all instructional employees who retire are offered a retirement incentive in the form of a lower contribution rate (10%) for retirees, dependents and surviving spouses throughout retirement. To be eligible for the incentive members must elect to retire within the first 2 years of full eligibility with the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS).

### **Administration**

**Eligibility:** Must reach the age of 55 with at least 10 years of service with the District and be eligible to retire as a member of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS).

Benefit Cost Sharing: Retirees are required to contribute 10% of the individual plan premium.

**Spouse:** Spouses are required to contribute 10% of the difference between the individual and two-person or family plan premium amounts.

**Surviving Spouse:** Surviving spouses may continue coverage for two years at 10% of the cost of the individual plan premium.

**Medicare Part B:** The District reimburses same percentages of the Medicare Part B premium to Medicare eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses as it contributes towards health insurance premiums only for members who had been Medicare eligible as of July 1, 2014.

### Service Employees International Union

Eligibility: Must reach the age of 55 with at least 10 years of service with the District and be eligible to retire as a member of the New York State Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS).

Benefit Cost Sharing: Retirees are required to contribute 45% of the individual plan premium.

**Spouse:** Spouses are required to contribute 60% of the difference between the individual and two-person or family plan premium amounts.

**Surviving Spouse:** Surviving spouses may continue coverage for two years at 60% of the cost of the individual plan premium.

**Medicare Part B:** The District does not reimburse the Medicare Part B premium to Medicare eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses.

### (c) Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

	Total
Inactive employees currently receiving benefit payments	83
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	0
Active employees	134
Total	217

### (d) Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$45,889,005 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

### (e) Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the District's total OPEB liability were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability				
Balances, June 30, 2023	\$	44,089,284			
Changes recognized for the year:					
Service cost		2,030,217			
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		1,614,938			
Changes in Assumptions		(845,833)			
Benefit payments		(999,601)			
Net changes	0	1,799,721			
Balances, June 30, 2024	\$	45,889,005			

### (f) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.65 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

		1%		Current		1%	
		Decrease	A	ssumption		Increase	
	(2.65%)			(3.65%)	(4.65%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	54,433,795	\$	45,889,005	\$	39,091,891	

### (g) Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

current healthcare cost trenta rate.						
		1%		Current		1%
		Decrease	A	ssumption		Increase
	(	6.8-3.14%)	C	7.8-4.14%)	(	8.8-5.14%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	37,956,712	\$	45,889,005	\$	56,261,014

Sensitivity analysis for healthcare cost inflation (trend) rate is illustrated as of end of year.

### (h) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,991,470. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of.	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	22,353	\$	4,387,680
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		3,676,878		4,634,847
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,075,479	-	
Total	\$	4,774,710	\$	9,022,527

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

### Year ended June 30:

	<u>Amount</u>
2025	\$ (1,183,554)
2026	(765,487)
2027	(1,191,506)
2028	(1,563,847)
2029	(577,345)
2030 and Thereafter	(41,557)

### (i) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2024, the reporting date. The following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2022
Measurement Date	July 1, 2023
Reporting Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal-Level Percent of Pay
Plan Type	Single Employer Defined Benefit Plan
Inflation rate	2.70%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	7.80% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.14% by 2093
Discount Rate	3.65%
Rate of Compensation Increase	3.00%
Mortality	Pub-2010 adjusted for mortality improvements with scale
	mortality improvement scale on a generational basis

The selected discount rate of 3.65% was based on the Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions have been made since the prior measurement date:

- Changed the discount rate from 3.54% to 3.65% The discount rates are inputs taken from the rate for a 20-year high-quality tax-exempt municipal bond index as of each measurement date.
- Updated the mortality tables to the sex-distinct and job category-specific headcount weighted Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for employees and healthy retirees, adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2021 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis. This assumption was based on review of published mortality tables and the demographics of the plan.
- Updated the TRS turnover/retirement rates with the tables from the NYSTRS Office of the Actuary dated October 19, 2021 and the ERS turnover/retirement rates with the NYSERS Office of Actuary rates from their report dated August 2020.
- The Getzen trend table was updated for 2022 using model v2024\_1F.

The following changes in experience have been made since the prior measurement date:

- Demographic (gain)/loss comes from many sources, such as rates of termination, retirement, and election of health care benefits. Some Demographic shifts occurred between 2020 and 2022. There are 8 more actives and 5 more retirees in this valuation.
- Age-adjusted pre-65 premiums are between 3.6% lower than the previously assumed trend and age-adjusted post-65 premiums are 8.7% lower than the assumed trend.

### 11. CONTINGENCIES

### Risk Financing and Related Insurance

### (a) General Information

The Waterville Central School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

### (b) Workers' Compensation Pool

Waterville Central School District participates with 12 other school districts and BOCES in the Central New York Workers' Compensation Consortium administered by the Oneida-Herkimer-Madison BOCES for its workers' compensation insurance coverage. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan is effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year. Notice of intent to withdraw must be submitted in writing no later than March 30 of the plan year. Additional members may be admitted by a majority vote of the Plan's Board of Directors. Membership is effective on the first day of the month following the Board's resolution to accept a new participant. The plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Reinsurance permits recovery of a portion of losses from the reinsurer, although it does not discharge the liability of the plan as direct insurer of the risks reinsured. The Plan insures against catastrophic losses for amounts over \$600,000 up to \$1,000,000 for claims during the lifetime of an eligible member. The Plan does not insure amounts in excess of \$1,000,000 per lifetime. The plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims' costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims' liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims' liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made. The Consortium is a shared-risk public entity risk pool, whereby each district pays annual premiums based on the expected aggregate claims for all enrollees. Paid claims are also accounted for in the aggregate with individual district activity not being traced separately. Due to this arrangement, a possible contingent liability exists for Waterville Central School District as a result of the possibility that any participating school district may have actual claims less than the annual premium and try to recover its portion due to it through the Consortium participants. During the current year, the School District paid \$66,749 in net fees.

### (c) Potential Grantor Liability

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal and State governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial

### 12. FUND BALANCE

(a) The following is a summary of the change in General Fund restricted reserve funds during the year ended June 30, 2024:

		Beginning Balance	_	Additions	-	Deletions	 Ending Balance
Repair Reserve	\$	25,886	\$	485	\$		\$ 26,371
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability		78,884		1,477			80,361
Liability Reserve		100,848		2,340			103,188
Retirement Contribution-ERS		1,031,363		19,123		10,000	1,040,486
Retirement Contribution-TRS		97,775		121,830			219,605
Capital Reserve		622,414		711,651			1,334,065
Workers' Compensation		64,220		1,202			65,422
Unemployment Insurance	-	62,788		1,176	_		 63,964
Total	\$	2,084,178	\$	859,284	\$	10,000	\$ 2,933,462

(b) The following is the disaggregation of the fund balance that is reported in summary on the Governmental Fund's Balance Sheet:

	General	School Lunch	Miscellaneous Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital	Total
Nonspendable	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	5	<u>\$</u>
Restricted						
Repair Reserve	26,371					26,371
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	80,361					80,361
Liability Insurance Reserve	103,188					103,188
Retirement Contribution Reserve-ERS	1,040,486					1,040,486
Retirement Contribution Reserve-TRS	219,605					219,605
Workers' Compensation Reserve	65,422					65,422
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	63,964					63,964
Restricted for Scholarships			864,746			864,746
Debt Service				394,292		394,292
Capital Reserve	1,334,065					1,334,065
Capital Projects Fund					271,628	271,628
Total Restricted	2,933,462		864,746	394,292	271,628	4,464,128
Assigned						
Encumbrances	43,520					43,520
Food Service Program		159,845				159,845
Total Assigned	43,520	159,845				203,365
Unassigned (Deficit)	3,871,718	-		-	(2,491,140)	1,380,578
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 6.848.700	<u>\$ 159.845</u>	\$ 864,746	\$ 394,292	<u>\$ (2,219,512)</u>	<u>\$ 6.048.071</u>

### 13. NET POSITION DEFICIT

The District-wide net position had an unrestricted deficit at June 30, 2024 of \$45,026,134 and a total Net Position deficit of \$19,353,564. The deficit is the result of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which requires the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$45,889,005 at June 30, 2024. Since New York State Law provides no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit in subsequent years.

### 14. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Capital Fund had an unassigned deficit fund balance at June 30, 2024 in the amount of \$2,491,140. The deficit is due to the current capital project being funded with a short-term bond anticipation note. The deficit will be eliminated when the note is refinanced with long-term debt.

### 15. GOVERNMENT-WIDE – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District-wide net assets were decreased by \$1,006,212 due to an error in recording net capital assets. In conjunction with a physical inventory, management reviewed it capital assets and determined that there were certain capital projects that were entered in duplicate or in error.

Net Position Beginning of Year, As Previously Stated	\$ (18,917,118)
Capital Asset Correction	
Completion of Construction in Progress	(117,557)
Accumulated Depreciation	(888,655)
Prior Period Adjustment	(1,006,212)
Net Position Beginning of Year, As Restated	\$ (19,923,330)

### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Devices	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Final Budget Variance With Actual
Revenues Local Sources					
Real Property Taxes	\$ 5,007,467		, ,		\$ 122,174
STAR and Other Real Property Tax Items	917,500	917,500			(115,852)
Charges for Services Use of Money and Property	4,000 105,000	4,000 105,000			3,394 58,217
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	103,000	103,000	42,689		42,689
Miscellaneous	300,000	300,000	,		231,222
State Aid	14,510,652	14,510,652	,		719,162
Federal Aid	115,000	115,000	91,211		(23,789)
Total Revenues	20,959,619	20,959,619	21,996,836		1,037,217
Other Financing Sources					
Appropriated Fund Balance	149,224	149,224			(149,224)
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	\$ 21,108,843	\$ 21,108,843	21,996,836		\$ 887,993
					Final Budget Variance With
	Original	Final		Year-End	Actual
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	And Encumbrances
Expenditures					
General Support					
Board of Education	\$ 27,761	\$ 27,895		\$	\$ 7,648
Central Administration	235,070	235,751	212,649		23,102
Finance	337,250	361,022			62,617
Staff	75,650	76,170	,	4,000	14,323
Central Services	1,758,604	1,814,737	1,632,654	8,393	173,690
Special Items Total General Support	278,000 2,712,335	303,782 2,819,357	294,216 2,516,018	12,393	9,566 290,946
Instruction	2,712,333	4,019,337	2,310,018	12,393	290.940
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement	756,500	686,655	645,471		41,184
Teaching - Regular School	4,878,768	4,893,101	4,803,615	18,585	70,901
Programs for Children With Special Needs	2,882,050	2,712,951	2,709,906	2,919	126
Occupational Education	587,750	674,852	667,052		7,800
Teaching - Special School	150,325	100,996	40,560		60,436
Instructional Media	606,581	534,138	509,260	9,623	15,255
Pupil Services	947.849	929,058	857,147	21.107	71,911
Total Instruction	10,809,823	10,531,751	10,233,011	31,127	267,613
Pupil Transportation	945,546	974,159	866,989		107,170
Employee Benefits	4,589,879	4,251,079	4,224,465		26,614
Debt Service - Principal	1,627,510	1,625,000	1,625,000		(10.150)
Debt Service - Interest	378,750	834,130	844.288		(10,158)
Total Expenditures	21,063,843	21,035,476	20,309,771	43,520	682,185
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers to Other Funds	45,000	73,367	47.499		25,868
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 21,108,843	<u>\$ 21,108,843</u>	20,357,270	\$ 43,520	\$ 708,053
Net Change in Fund Balance			1,639,566		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			5,209,134		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The School District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The budget is adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

## WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Measurement Date	_	2024	_	2023	_	2022	 2021	_	2020	 2019
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	S	2,030,217	\$	1,842,505	\$	2,082,198	\$ 1,515,904	\$	1,567,473	\$ 1,499,976
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		1,614,938		1,124,266		1,115,265	1,500,488		1,567,828	1,611,651
Change in assumptions and other inputs		(845,833)		(5,081,907)		127,010	9,387,550		163,246	(5,473,019)
Change in benefit terms										(1,384,193)
Differences between expected and actual experience				(3,941,470)			(4,452,376)			270,735
Benefit payments	_	(999,601)		(1,094,759)		(932,211)	 (916,724)		(859,788)	(836,954)
Net change in total OPEB Liability		1,799,721		(7,151,365)		2,392,262	7,034,842		2,438,759	(4,311,804)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		44,089,284		51,240,649		48,848,387	41,813,545		39,374,786	43,686,590
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	45,889,005	<u>s</u>	44,089,284	\$	51,240,649	\$ 48,848,387	<u>\$</u>	41,813,545	\$ 39,374,786
Covered payroll	\$	8,449,241	\$	7,756,497	\$	7,127,041	\$ 7,172,034	\$	7,164,000	\$ 7,057,477
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		543.11%		568.42%		718.96%	681.10%		583.66%	557.92%

<sup>• 10</sup> years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

### Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

The District currently contributes enough money to the plan to satisfy current obligations on a pay-as-you-go basis.

### Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to calculate the total OPEB liability are described in Note 10 to the financial statements.

### Changes to Assumptions and Terms -

• Changed the discount rate from 3,54% to 3,65%. The discount rates are inputs taken from the rate for a 20-year high-quality tax-exempt municipal bond index as of each measurement date.

# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

						_ <u>1</u>	ERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years	ension Fiscal	Plan Years										
		2024		2023		2022	2021		2020		2019		20	2018	2	2017	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	69	206,272	69	191,281	69	233,597 \$		221,220	\$ 22	223,767 \$		217,774 \$		221,938	€9	275,089	\$ 24	244,633 \$	312,567
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		206,272		191,281	}	233,597	22]	221,220	22	792,767	21	217,774		221,938		275,089	24	244,633	312,567
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	69		69,		69	\$			69	<del>\$</del>			€9		€		50	∽	:
School District's Covered- ERS Employee Payroll	69	1,957,697	649	1,932,828	69	1,855,968 \$		1,672,721	\$ 1,79	1,798,379 \$		\$ 117,717,1		1,630,768	<b>∽</b>	1,611,401	<b>s</b> 1,50	1,503,734 \$	1,513,343
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		10.5%		%6 6		12.6%		13.2%		12 4%		12.7%		13.6%		17.1%		16.3%	20.7%
						. 3	TRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years	ension Fiscal	Plan Years										
		2024		2023		2022	2021		2020	0	2019		30	2018	7	2017	2016		2015
Contractually Required Contribution	69	576,576	<b>6</b> 4	523,120	69	476,609 \$		465,691	\$ 46	461,105 \$		546,084 \$		524,596	649	\$67,650 \$	8	636,780 \$	839,507
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		576,576		523,120		476,609	46.	169,691	4	461,105	54	546,084		524,596		567,650	63	636,780	839,507
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔		69		69	\$			69	<i>\$</i> •			64		69		69	€	
School District's Covered- TRS Employee Payroll	69	6,497,414	649	5,823,669	69	5,271,073 \$		4,886,579	\$ 5,20	5,204,345 \$		5,142,034 \$		5,353,020	84	4,844,565 \$	\$ 4,64	4,648,029 \$	4,788,971
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		%8 6		10.3%		%8°6		9.5%		%6 8		10.6%		%8 6		11.7%		13 3%	17.5%

# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

			A 2	ERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years							
	,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability	Ü	0.0047108%	0.0052452%	0.0049381%	0,0049636%	0.0049399%	0.0045866%	0.0048042%	0 0047862%	0.0049563%	0.0053168%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	04	8 519,669	1,124,774 \$	(403,673) \$	4,942 \$	1,308,111 \$	324,972 \$	155,052 \$	449,724 \$	\$ 905,506	179,615
District's covered-employee payroll	M	\$ 1,957,697 \$	1,932,828 \$	\$ 896,558,1	1,672,721 \$	1,798,379 \$	1,717,371	1,630,768 \$	1,611,401 \$	1,503,734 \$	1,513,343
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-35 43%	-58.19%	21 75%	030%	72_74%	18 92%	9.51%	27 91%	52 90%	11.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		93.88%	%84 06	103.65%	%56 66	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94 70%	90 70%	%06 16
			T	TRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years							
	3	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset/liability		0 029530%	0.027625%	0.027484%	0.030662%	0.030806%	0.031369%	0.030564%	0 031121%	0.031881%	0.031634%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	65	337,703 \$	530,086	(4,762,685) \$	847,269 \$	(800,344) \$	(567,232) \$	(232,319) \$	333,317 \$	(3,311,429) \$	(3,523,848)
District's covered-employee payroll	60	6,497,414 \$	5,271,073 \$	4,886,579 \$	5,204,345	5,142,034 \$	5,353,020	4,844,565 \$	4,648,029 \$	4,788,971 \$	4,672,858
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-5.20%	-10.06%	97 46%	16.28%	15.56%	10 60%	4,80%	7 17%	%51 69	75.41%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset/liability		99 20%	%09 86	113.20%	%08 / 6	102.20%	101 53%	100 66%	%10 66	110.46%	111 48%

# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF CHANGE FROM ORIGINAL BUDGET TO REVISED BUDGET AND SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Change from Adopted Budget to Revised Budget

Adopted Budget			\$	20,959,619
Add: Prior Year's Encumbrances Original and Final Budget			\$	149,224 21,108,843
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation				
2024-25 Voter-Approved Expenditure Budget Maximum Allowed (4% of 2024-25 budget)			<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	22,297,968 891,919
General Fund - Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:				
Unrestricted Fund Balance: Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$	43,520 3,871,718	_	3,915,238
Less: Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance Total adjustments	V <u></u>	43,520	<u>-</u>	43.520
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law			<u>\$</u>	3,871,718
Actual Percentage				17.36%

# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fund	Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2024	(34,134) 112,245 150,383	(1,225,743)	(1.067,425)	(1,152,087)	(2,219,512)
	Total	4,670,185 \$ 156,428	1,892,273	24,584,239	3,146,505	27.730.744 \$
cing	Local	29,085 \$	556,823	1,898,777	334,000	2.232.777 \$
Methods of Financing	Federal and State Aid	241,100 \$ 156,428		397,528		397.528 \$
	Proceeds of Fe Obligations	4,400,000 \$ 6.552.484	11,335,450	22,287,934	2,812,505	69
	Unexpended Balance	117,681 \$ (44,183) (5,970)	(258,016)	(269,664)	(1,209,231)	\$. (1.478.895) \$ 25.100.439
	Total	4,704,319 \$ 44,183 7,705,970	13,118,016	25,651,664	4,298,592	\$ 29,950,256 \$
Expenditures	Current	8	748,760	827,936	475,301	1.303.237 \$
Œ.	Prior Years	4,704,319 \$ 44,183 7,705,970	12,369,256	24,823,728	3,823,291	28.647.019 \$
	Revised Authorization	4,822,000 <b>\$</b> 4,822,000 <b>\$</b> 7,700,000	12,860,000	25,382,000	3,089,361	\$ 27,982,093 \$ 28,471,361 \$ 28,647,019
	Original Authorization A	4,822,000 \$	12,860,000	25,382,000	2,600,093	27.982.093 \$
	A	<b>9</b>	   t			SA
	PROJECT TITLE	EXCEL Project SSBA 2017 Renovation Project	2020 Renovation Project 2024 Renovation Project	Total Projects	Buses	Totals

### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS June 30, 2024

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 40,222,419
Add: Deferred Charge on Refunding of Debt (Net of Amortization) Capital Fund Assets, Net	33,598 (994,164) (960,566)
Deduct:	
Premium on Bonds Payable	1,663,063
Serial Bonds Payable BAN Payable	15,165,000 1,225,348 18,053,411
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 21,208,442



120 Lomond Court, Utica, N.Y. 13502-5950 315-735-5216 Fax: 315-735-5210

### Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Education

Waterville Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Waterville Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Waterville Central School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2024.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Waterville Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Waterville Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Waterville Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the school district's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Waterville Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the school district's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

D'acangelo + Co., LLP

November 12, 2024

Utica, New York





120 Lomond Court, Utica, N.Y. 13502-5950 315-735-5216 Fax: 315-735-5210

### Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Education Waterville Central School District, New York

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Waterville Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Waterville Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Waterville Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Waterville Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Waterville Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Waterville Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Waterville Central School District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Waterville Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Waterville Central School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.





In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Waterville Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Waterville Central School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Waterville Central School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 12, 2024

D'accangelo + Co., LLP

Utica, New York

## WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Agency or ALPass-through Current Year Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title Number Number Expenditures Subrecipient U.S. Department of Education (Passed Through the State Education Department of the State of New York - Pass-Through Grantor's No. 420701060000) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 0021-24-2045 197,980 Total 197,980 Special Education Cluster Special Education - Grants to States 84.027A 0032-24-0627 212.025 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) 84 173A 0033-24-0627 5,843 Total Special Education Cluster 217,868 0204-23-2045 84 424 4,000 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant 84,424 0204-24-2045 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant 5,418 Total 9,418 Improving Teacher Quality State Grants 84.367 0147-24-2045 25,200 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act - COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) 84.425D 5891-21-2045 84,425U American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) 5880-21-2115 553,316 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Summer Enrichment 84.425U 5882-21-2115 64,757 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) After School 84,425U 5883-21-2115 135,352 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Learning Loss 84.425U 5884-21-2045 353,605 Total 1,107,030 Total U.S. Department of Education 1,557,496 Total Federal Financial Assistance 1,557,496 \$

### WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Organization

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards represents all Federal awards administered by the Waterville Central School District. The School District's organization is defined in Note 1 to the School District's basic financial statements.

### Basis of Accounting

The expenditures in the accompanying schedule are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements

### Cluster Programs

The following programs are identified by "OMB Compliance Supplement" to be part of a cluster of programs:

### U.S. Department of Education

### Special Education Cluster

AL #84.027 Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)
AL #84.173 Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)

### Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.



# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

### Summary of Auditor's Results

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major Federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major Federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	U.S. Department of Education  COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund:  AL # 84.425D Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER)  AL # 84.425U American Rescue Plan – Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

(Continued)



# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

(Continued)

### Findings - Financial Statement Audit

No findings noted in the current year.

Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Program Audit

No findings noted in the current year.



# WATERVILLE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

None.